



Helping you take the next step forward

From Classroom to Clinical Trials: How PSI Schools is inspiring the next generation of statisticians



Before Statistics



More than equations



They just don't know it yet





Upcoming Initiatives



Escape Room Workshop



Extension Activity 1: Site-Selection

Randomization & Set-Up

On the world map, find these five cities for your experiment locations: **New York, Cairo, Tokyo, Paris and Sydney.** Use the numbers on the map to solve this puzzle and get a 3-digit code.



New York	+	Cairo	=	A
A	x	Tokyo	=	B
Paris	x	Sydney	=	C
B	-	C	=	D
D	x	New York	=	<input type="text"/>

FUN FACT: Medicines are tested all around the world to make sure the medicine works for people of all different ages, backgrounds and lifestyles.



Extension Activity 4: Study Schedule

Efficacy

Below is a blank clinical trial timetable that should show which measurements need to be recorded at which visit weeks. Use the information below to tick the weeks each should be measured.

Week Number →	Week 0	Week 2	Week 4	Week 6	Week 8	Week 10	Week 12	Week 13	Week 14	Week 16	Week 18	Week 20	Week 22	Week 24	Week 26
Body Measurement ↓															
Height (cm)															
Weight (kg)															
Blood Pressure (mmHg)															
Heart Rate (bpm)															
Side Effects															

Schedule of Measurements:

- Heart rate must be measured **every 4 weeks**.
- In the **first 8 weeks**, blood pressure must be measured **every visit**; afterwards only **EVERY 6 WEEKS**.
- It is important to know if the medicine is causing side effects, so we should ask **every visit**.
- We must have recordings at the **start, midpoint and end** for all measurements.

FUN FACT: In clinical trials, we call **Week 0 BASELINE** – this is the first day taking the medicine and all measurements should be taken so you can compare how they have changed later on.



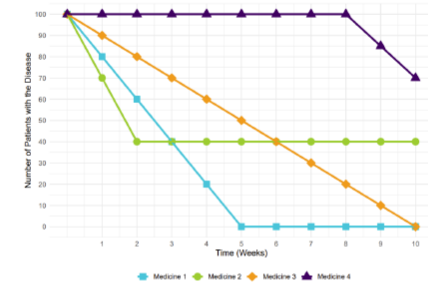
“What an innovative way to engage with learning!” Teacher, Barnabas Oley Primary School



Activity 7: Comparing Treatments (Line Graph)

Results & Data Visualisation

Your fellow statisticians have made a line graph of the results, but it seems there is a mix-up ... Draw lines to match each medicine to its line to find out how well each medicine works.



- Medicine 1 (Blue square)
- Medicine 2 (Green circle)
- Medicine 3 (Orange diamond)
- Medicine 4 (Purple triangle)

Hooray! The number of people with the disease goes down every week.

The number of people with the disease went down at the start, but after nothing changed.

First nothing changed, but then the number of people with the disease started to go down.

This medicine worked quickly – after a few weeks nobody had the disease anymore!

FUN FACT: Line graphs are a useful tool to see how a measurement changes over time.



We Need You!



To register your interest in PSI Schools, please scan the QR code here:

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